

445BC

Nehemiah

cupbearer to Artaxerxes I, was sent by the emperor in 445BC to rebuild the walls of Jerusalem. He led the third group of exiles home.

445BC

1912 Dates J-BK

The office of military tribune
was opened to plebs.

445-433 B C

Nehemiah was governor of
Jerusalem. He began to
fortify the city.

445-431BC

Age of Pericles

All citizens were now eligible to hold office and were paid for serving the State; but the greater population were slaves or aliens who could never receive this franchise.

The AREOPAGUS lost most of its power
ARCHONS were elected from any class
STRATEGI (Generals) were chosen from
all citizens. Their powers were increased

so that they were now far more important than the archons.

Pericles power was almost absolute when necessary all men were obliged to serve in the army between the ages of 20 & 50 yrs.

Naval power was fostered and
ANOTHER LONG WALL was built
connecting Athens & PIRAEUS

445Bc

'Thirty Years Peace'
between Athens & Sparta

445 B.C.

Nehemiah of the Tribe of Judah
had risen to cup-bearer of
King Artaxerxes of Persia. The Jews
having been taken captive out of Judah
150 yrs before by King Nebuchadnezzar.
He was then in Capharsa, but hearing
about the ruined city of Jerusalem
(crumpled walls, broken gates; completely
at mercy of roving bands of cut-throats).

Nehemiah got permission from his king
to rebuild its walls.

445-431 BC

Pericles age was the golden age of Greek literature; sculpture; art; commerce; and political power.

Athena was adorned by Pericles beautifying the ACROPOLIS with marble steps and with the Hall of Columns inside of which was MINERVA'S statue 50 ft high on a pedestal 25 ft high. Near the hall of Columns was the PARTHENON

built by ICTINUS. the sculpture adorning it being the work of PHIDIAS (Phidias) who also made the gold & bronze statue of ATHENE on the ACROPOLIS. Other great works were the Temple of WINGLESS VICTORY; the magnificent PROPYLEA or gateway at the Western entrance of the ACROPOLIS; the circular hall built to commemorate the battle of SALAMIS.

445BC

Nehemiah, cupbearer in the
Persian court to King
~~Artaxerxes~~

ARTAXERXES I, was sent
back to Jerusalem in 445 BC
to repair Jerusalem's walls

An armed guard escorted him.
This was about 72 yrs after the temple had
been completed. Again there was local

opposition. Even if they held a sword in one hand and a Trowel in the other, they were determined to complete the work

445BC

In 20th year of his reign, Artaxerxes permitted NEHEMIAH to go to Jerusalem and rebuild the walls of the city. and to become the governor of the restored city

445 BC

1912 Dates J-BK

The law of 1491 BC was
enforced by Nehemiah

445 BC

Jer Hist.

Walls of Jerusalem
were reconstructed under
Nehemiah
Ezra read the Torah to
the Jews.

445BC

Chronograph

Nehemia's Commission was
in 20th yr of reign of King
ARTAXERXES

445BC

1912 Dates J-BK

Rome

LEX CANULEIA which rendered
valid the marriage of a plebeian and
patrician.

445 BCE → 37 BCE

High Priests governed Jewish
Palestine

445 BC

LEUCIPPUS of ABDERA, philosopher

445BC

NEHEMIAH comes to Jerusalem
on a mission.

The Walls of Jerusalem were rebuilt
by Nehemiah.

445BC

Jerusalem's consolidation as a Persian provincial center is credited to NEHEMIAH.

While serving as "cupbearer" to ARTAXERXES I in SUSAN, he solicited and received from the king a term appointment as "governor" in order to rebuild Jerusalem's fortifications. Once the city wall had been repaired (ca. 445 BC) Nehemiah used the rest of his initial term as governor and a second some

years later to implement important economic,
political, and religious reforms; these
measures were consistent with Persian
imperial interests but they also
enforced provisions of the policy that
Ezra had previously established

445BC

NEHEMIAH was sent by
ARTAXERXES I to
rebuild the walls of Jerusalem.

445BC

Greece - PEACE

Pericles, to keep the ex-soldiers
ex-sailors busy got them started
beautifying Athens, but it was
slaves that ended up doing the
work. slaves outnumbered
citizens 3 to 1. Even the police
were slaves

445BC

Nehemiah may have arrived in Jerusalem in 445BC, having applied to ARTAXERXES I for the post of Governor of Judah. He was already Cupbearer to the king. He brought with him official permission to rebuild the city walls that Nebuchadnezzar's engineers had toppled so effectively.

His first tour of inspection, three days after his arrival in the city, was carried out

at night.

The labour force, gathered from the city and surrounding areas and organized according to priestly or family clans, to build different sections, worked with their swords by their sides until the rebuilding of the walls was accomplished.

The city was rebuilt on a much smaller scale than previously and it was now little more than a village.

445/444 BC

NEHEMIAH came from SUSA in Persia to rebuild the walls of Jerusalem. He was cup bearer of King Artaxerxes I (465-424 BC)

It is probable that Nehemiah, serving in the presence of the queen was a eunuch & this may explain why he was unwilling to flee to the temple of the Lord as protection

against his enemies. If he had entered the temple, he would have lost influence with the people and their trust.

He was sent out by King of Persia as governor of Judah. He was granted an escort of soldiers to accompany him. His mission was political.

445 BC

1912 Dates. J-BK

Thirty years peace between Athens
and Sparta

445 BC

1912 Dates_ J-BK

CANULEIAN law was passed
legalizing marriage between patricians
and plebeians

445Bc

Persons appointed the 1st Jewish
governor NEHEMIAH. He was
authorized to reconstruct the walls
of Jerusalem.

445BC

DURANT

Lex CANULEIA on marriage
the.

The tribune Caius Canuleius
moved that the plebs should have the
right of intermarriage with patricians,
and that plebeian should be eligible
to the consulat. The Senate yielded to
the marriage rule and agreed that
thereafter six of the tribunes chosen

by the Centumviral Assembly should
have the authority of consuls. The
plebs responded handsomely by
choosing all these tribuni militum
consulari potestate from the patrician
class.

4.45 B C

Thirty year's Peace; Aristophanes
born.

Rome: Cornelian Law
sanctions marriage between
patricians and plebeians.

445 B C

The ban on intermarriage
between patricians and plebeians
was removed.

445 B.C.

Legal to Intermarry Plebeians & Patricians
This law was introduced by a tribune for the purpose of opening the position of CONSUL to the plebeians. It was bitterly opposed by the patricians, and new offices were created.

1. SIX military Tribunes were appointed to take the place of the consuls. Plebeians were eligible 444 B.C., but patricians

usually secured this office:

2. Two CENSORS were appointed.

443 B.C. from among the patricians.
They attended to the taking of the census
and the classifying of the citizens for
appointment to Senate, etc.

445 BC

LEGES CANULIAE: (a) replaced
consuls with military tribunes
owning consular powers
(b) allowed marriage between
patricians and plebeians

445AC

LEX CANULEIA permit marriage
between patricians and plebeians
in Rome

C445 BC.

The plebeians began a 78 year struggle for admission to the office of the consul.

In 445 BC the tribes voted that the people should be allowed to choose a plebeian for one of the consuls. The Senate refused to allow the "religious" office of consul to be "polluted" but they offered a compromise. It was decided to have no consuls in some years, but instead to elect MILITARY TRIBUNES with consular power, and this office was to be

open to both patricians and plebeians.

Also, a new office, the censorship was created to take over the religious part of the Consul's duties and his most important powers. To this office, only patricians could be elected. Every 5th yr 2 censors were chosen, with power to revise the lists of the citizens and of the Senate. By their mere order they could deprive any man of citizenship or degrade a senator. Either censor could veto action by the other. It was left to the Senate to decide each year whether consuls or consular tribunes should be elected. They elected consuls twenty times out of the next 35 yrs.

445 BC

The law forbidding legal marriage between patricians and plebeians was annulled.

445 BC

Cannibian law sanctions
marriage between patricians
and plebeians

445 BC

The Treaty by which the breach between plebeians and patricians was ended increased the tribunes to 10 and gave full legal recognition to their position and powers. The plebeian assembly was formally organized to include all the rural tribes as well as those in the city limits, and it soon came to be the most common lawmaking body. Its resolutions presented by the tribunes became

law with the Senate's approval. These
were called plebiscites.

445 BC

The plebeians demanded admission to the consulate and gained an agreement that the work of the consuls would be ~~the~~ turned over to a commission of six consular tribunes, to which office plebeians were eligible.

About 400 BC. a plebeian was chosen.

Then the importance of consuls was soon lessened when 2 censors were

set up to do part of their work. These
censuses, chosen for five-year terms,
made up the list of senators assigned
citizens to their proper classes in
the army and assembly, and
made government contracts.

445 BC

Intermarriage between the
orders was legalized

445BC

NEHEMIAH, cupbearer to ARTAXERXES I
was sent by this Persian emperor to Jerusalem
in 445BC to rebuild the Walls.

He led the 3rd group of exile home

About 446?

Nehemiah returned to Jerusalem
and after 70 yrs after the rebuilding
of the temple, he rebuilt the walls
of Jerusalem.